

Government of Western Australia Department of Health Public and Aboriginal Health Division

Year 10 school-based immunisation program – information for parents

What is meningococcal disease?

Meningococcal disease is an uncommon, but sometimes life-threatening illness. The disease is a result of a bacterial infection of the blood and/or the membranes that line the spinal cord and brain.

Although treatable with antibiotics, the infection can progress very rapidly, so it is important that anyone experiencing symptoms of meningococcal disease seeks medical attention promptly.

At any one time, approximately 10 per cent of healthy people carry meningococcal bacteria harmlessly in their nose or throat, and do not become ill.

How is meningococcal disease spread?

Meningococcal bacteria are spread by respiratory secretions (coughing, sneezing or kissing). The bacteria do not survive more than a few seconds in the environment.

The disease is most likely to be spread only to very close contacts, such as people who live in the same household, sexual contacts and children attending the same day care for more than four continuous hours.

Why does WA Health offer a vaccination program for Year 10 students?

Meningococcal disease can affect any age group. However, some of the highest rates of meningococcal carriage and illness occur among adolescents and this age group can transmit bacteria to people who are at an increased risk of infection, including young children.

It is anticipated that immunising Year 10 students will reduce transmission of the bacteria to others and help prevent infections within the larger community.

What do I need to do to make sure my child gets the vaccine?

As a parent/guardian, you are required to provide consent via:

VaccinateWA online platform (vaccinatewa.health.wa.gov.au)*

or

By printing a form at <u>healthywa.wa.gov.au/schoolimmunisations</u> and returning it to school

*Option unavailable for schools within City of Joondalup and Christmas and Cocos Islands.

Which vaccine will be used and how effective is it?

Meningococcal ACWY vaccine will be used. This vaccine protects against four serogroups of meningococcal bacteria: A, C, W and Y. The vaccine brand Nimenrix[®] will be used in this school-based program.

These vaccines are safe and effective. Meningococcal ACWY vaccination programs have been implemented in adolescents aged 13–15 years in the UK since 2015 and adolescents aged 11–12 in the US since 2005 with no significant concerns reported. The vaccine is routinely offered as a single dose. Further doses are recommended for those at increased risk of this disease and those travelling where this disease is common. Studies have shown that the effectiveness of the meningococcal ACWY vaccines are between 80–85 per cent in adolescents.

healthywa.wa.gov.au

Who should not get this vaccine?

Tell the person giving the vaccine if:

- you have any severe, life-threatening allergies.
 If you have had a life-threatening allergic reaction after a previous dose of a meningococcal ACWY vaccine, or if you have a severe allergy to any part of this vaccine, you should not get this vaccine. Your provider can tell you about the vaccine's ingredients.
- you are pregnant or breastfeeding.

Meningococcal vaccines are not routinely recommended for pregnant or breastfeeding women but can be given where clinically indicated. Please discuss further with your GP if you could be pregnant or are breastfeeding.

What are the vaccine side effects?

With any medicine, including vaccines, there is a chance of common adverse reactions. These are usually mild and go away by themselves. Serious reactions are also possible, but are rare. There is a very small chance of a vaccine causing a serious injury or death. You cannot get meningococcal infection from the vaccine.

Common adverse events include pain, redness and swelling at the injection site, fever, irritability, drowsiness, decreased appetite, headaches, rash and nausea. However, serious general adverse events are rare.

Vaccines are continually checked to make sure they are safe and effective. For information about vaccine safety and common and rare side-effects, please read more at: <u>healthywa.wa.gov/immunisation</u>



This document can be made available in alternative formats on request.

What if there is a serious reaction – what should I look for?

Look for anything that concerns you, such as signs of a severe allergic reaction, very high fever, or unusual behaviour. Signs of a severe allergic reaction can include hives, swelling of the face and throat, difficulty breathing, a fast heartbeat, dizziness, and weakness – usually within a few minutes to a few hours after the vaccination. For any severe reaction, call an ambulance or go to your closest emergency department.

What should I do?

Paracetamol can help reduce mild fever or pain and a cool damp cloth can also reduce pain at the injection site. Please seek medical advice or go to the local emergency department if you have any reaction you think is serious or unexpected.

Or call healthdirect Australia on 1800 022 222.

All immunisation providers in WA are required by law to report an adverse reaction following immunisation. Parents can also report concerns about any serious reactions after immunisation. Learn more at <u>healthywa.wa.gov.au/WAVSS</u> or call 6456 0208.

Contacts

Your local doctor, pharmacist, community health centre, hospital or public health unit healthywa.wa.gov.au/publichealthunits

healthdirect Australia Phone: 1800 022 222

More information

Department of Health

healthywa.wa.gov.au/immunisation

Commonwealth Department of Health 1800 671 811 or <u>health.gov.au/health-topics/immunisation</u>

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